§ 6.602

NPDES permit to discharge as a new source

[44 FR 64177, Nov. 6, 1979, as amended at 47 FR 9831, Mar. 8, 1982]

§ 6.602 Applicability.

- (a) General. The procedures set forth under subparts A, B, C and D, and this subpart shall apply to the issuance of new source NPDES permits, except for the issuance of a new source NPDES permit from any State which has an approved NPDES program in accordance with section 402(b) of the Clean Water Act.
- (b) New Source Determination. An NPDES permittee must be determined a new source before these procedures apply. New source determinations will be undertaken pursuant to the provisions of the permit regulations under §122.29(a) and (b) of this chapter and §122.53(h).

[44 FR 64177, Nov. 6, 1979, as amended at 47 FR 9831, Mar. 8, 1982; 51 FR 32613, Sept. 12, 1986]

§ 6.603 Limitations on actions during environmental review process.

The processing and review of an applicant's NPDES permit application shall proceed concurrently with the procedures within this subpart. Actions undertaken by the applicant or EPA shall be performed consistent with the requirements of §122.29(c) of this chapter

 $[47~{\rm FR}~9831,~{\rm Mar.}~8,~1982,~{\rm as}~{\rm amended}~{\rm at}~51~{\rm FR}~32613,~{\rm Sept.}~12,~1986]$

§ 6.604 Environmental review process.

- (a) New source. If EPA's initial determination under §6.602(b) is that the facility is a new source, the responsible official shall evaluate any environmental information to determine if any significant impacts are anticipated and an EIS is necessary. If the permit applicant requests, the responsible official shall establish time limits for the completion of the environmental review process consistent with 40 CFR 1501.8.
- (b) Information needs. Information necessary for a proper environmental review shall be provided by the permit applicant in an environmental information document. The responsible offi-

cial shall consult with the applicant to determine the scope of an environmental information document. In doing this the responsible official shall consider the size of the new source and the extent to which the applicant is capable of providing the required information. The responsible official shall not require the applicant to gather data or perform analyses which unnecessarily duplicate either existing data or the results of existing analyses available to EPA. The responsible official shall keep requests for data to the minimum consistent with his responsibilities under NEPA.

- (c) Environmental assessment. The responsible official shall prepare a written environmental assessment based on an environmental review of either the environmental information document and/or any other available environmental information.
- (d) EIS determination. (1) When the environmental review indicates that a significant environmental impact may occur and that the significant adverse impacts cannot be eliminated by making changes in the proposed new source project, a notice of intent shall be issued, and a draft EIS prepared and distributed. When the environmental review indicates no significant impacts are anticipated or when the proposed project is changed to eliminate the significant adverse impacts, a FNSI shall be issued which lists any mitigation measures necessary to make the recommended alternative environmentally acceptable.
- (2) The FNSI together with the environmental assessment that supports the finding shall be distributed in accordance with §6.400(d) of this regulation
- (e) Lead agency. (1) If the environmental review reveals that the preparation of an EIS is required, the responsible official shall determine if other Federal agencies are involved with the project. The responsible official shall contact all other involved agencies and together the agencies shall decide the lead agency based on the criteria set forth in 40 CFR 1501.5.
- (2) If, after the meeting of involved agencies, EPA has been determined to be the lead agency, the responsible official may request that other involved